

ROOSEVELT TELLS WHY HE IS FIGHTING IN NEW YORK STATE

Col. Roosevelt's vigorous campaign against the Republican and Democratic bosses of New York state is arousing extraordinary interest. Local Progressives have received copies of the following remarks by their leader on August 5:

"This is not a party organized primarily for men to get office. With us getting office for men of our party is merely an incident in rendering the best service the party can render. But occasions arise such as the one last year in the City of New York, where our highest duty is to join on a union platform with men who may differ with us on many points, who on these points may not be as far advanced as we are, but who on the great issues actually pending stand for what we deem wisest and best from the standpoint of the public good. This is the case now in New York state. To my mind, all talk for or against fusion as something abstract is beside the mark. It depends upon whom we fuse with, and upon the conditions and objects of the fusion. To fuse with corrupt men for an evil purpose, or even for merely a selfish purpose, would be a wicked thing. To fuse with the decent rank and file of both the old parties in an effort in the common interest to destroy the bosses and the machines, and to drive from power the Bourbons and reactionaries and the men whose activities in politics produce corruption in government, may be the highest possible duty. I firmly believe that when a man of the character of Mr. Hinman, who was Mr. Hughes' right-hand man, who stands for aggressive honesty, and who is openly against Mr. Barnes no less than against Mr. Murphy, against the whole system of bipartisan boss rule in this state, will make the callant fight he is making, we should heartily support him.

"We should ask nothing of such a man except that on the immediate and vital issue of clean and honest government, and on the overthrow of both bosses and both machines, and of the governmental corruption that has followed the dominance of these machines in our state politics, he shall represent our ideals. We can join with him, all like him, in good faith to make an effective campaign against the invisible government, against the rule of the state by two

machines under the leadership of men whose activities we regard as pernicious to decency and cleanliness in public life; two machines which work together against the interests of the people, under a system which inevitably produces corruption in public affairs. I believe our platform should be short and simple, embodying just the principles for which at this crisis in this state we stand; the principles which are vital in this particular contest. The vital piece of legislation most needed at present is an honest primary law so framed that the boss and his agents do not control the appointment of the primary election officers.

"The boss cares less for the offices than he does for the contributions from wealthy men who desire favor or immunity; and the control of the primaries is vital to him. In the primary law, the election of officers should be chosen in some such way as in New Jersey, by the civil service commission and the judges; and voters should be allowed to enroll a reasonably short time before primary day. Last year we made a similar fight in the City of New York for the welfare of a community of five million people. This year we should in my judgment apply the same principles in the fight for the welfare of ten million people. Last year, very properly, there was no insistence on fusion below the me not the head of the ticket. The local contests were left to take care of themselves. I should suppose that the same course would be followed this year. I have absolute confidence in you, your leaders of the counties and districts, who are gathered here today. Of recent years the greatest service that has been rendered to New York state has been rendered by the little band of Progressives in the legislature, under the lead of Michael Schaeffer, who have accomplished such an extraordinary amount of good, from the standpoint of public interest, although with the heaviest odds against them. You men who have fought for the principles for which we stand have rendered an incalculable public service. I have confidence not only in your integrity, and in your courage, but in your wisdom and judgment. Whatever you wish to do, and whatever course you decide locally will be the best I wish to back up and support to the best of my ability.

"Now, gentlemen, this course that I am advocating is in substance that in a crisis affecting good government in the state of New York we should act primarily as good citizens of the state of New York rather than merely as party men. In other words, I am asking that we show our fealty to the party by making the party the most efficient instrument for getting good government for the decent citizens of the state. In exactly the same fashion I think that in the great world crisis now affecting all nations of mankind our prime duty is first and foremost to show ourselves patriotic citizens of the great American republic.

"I regret that of recent years the policies which I and those like me believed to be essential for the welfare, the honor and the greatness of the American people have not been faithfully carried out. But all that is past now and is neither here nor there in this crisis. At the moment the United States, as one of the great nations of the world, faces a crisis which has already involved in war almost all the other great nations of the world. 'Friends, we have our troubles here but let us be thankful beyond measure that we are citizens of this Republic and that our burdens, though they may be heavy, are far lighter than those that must be borne by the men and women who live in other and less fortunate countries. I for one will act, and I am sure I am stating your feelings when I say that the men and women on the Progressive party will act throughout this crisis primarily as American citizens and will work hand in hand with any public man, with any public servant and with any and all private citizens who in good faith and disinterestedly do all that is possible to see that the United States comes through this crisis unharmed and so conducts herself as to conserve the honor and the interest of her own citizens and, as far as may be, to help in securing peace and justice for all the nations of mankind.'

"The Waiatae Kaimuki and Palolo Improvement Club will hold its monthly meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 p. m. at Liliuokalani school. The treasurer's report will be read and there will be discussion on district improvements. All are welcome. Let each member bring a friend.

HARVEST HOME FESTIVITIES ARE BIG SUCCESS ON VALLEY ISLAND

[Special Star-Bulletin Correspondent.]
WAILUKU, Maui, Aug. 17.—In spite of heavy rains that visited Central Maui the crowd at the Harvest Home festivities was nearly as large as usual. All parts of the islands were represented by the numerous guests, for Maui looks forward each year to the big day at Puunene at the close of the grinding season.

Fortunately there was no rain at the big mill in the morning, and the tennis courts were in splendid condition. The crowd was an enthusiastic one, and both teams were in fine form. The tennis playing was remarkably evenly matched through the morning, but Maui for the first time in the history of the Harvest Home festivities won in tennis with a total score of 112 to Oahu's 110.

While tennis was in progress out of doors, bowling was taking place in the alley with a considerable crowd to watch that sport.

Of the Honolulu team Geer once made 242 and Wilkinson was nearly as good. On the Maui side John Nelson made the best score, but that was only 191. Kaunehewa and Deinet, both good bowlers on the Maui side, fell down, and for the first time Maui lost in the Harvest Home Bowling Tournament by a total of 28 pins.

Scott, Geer, C. Atherton, Wilkinson and Haney played for Oahu against Deinet, Kaunehewa, Nelson, Gomes and C. Savage for Maui.

At noon a delicious luncheon was served by the ladies of Puunene. This was greatly enjoyed by all. The early part of the afternoon was clear and everyone hoped the weather would remain good for the rest of the day and evening.

It was still raining hard at Sunnyside, Maui's polo field, however, and it

was necessary to either postpone the game or play at the new Keahua field, which fortunately was in pretty good shape. Keahua was chosen, and fully four hundred people drove to the new field through the mist and rain for the game. The field is certainly in a splendid location, and is generally well out of the rain belt. The approach is from the Makawao-Kula road out of Kahului, and is about nine miles from Kahului. There is practically no difference in elevation between the two goals, and a difference of only ten feet in 450 feet between side lines. This is a tremendous advantage over the Sunnyside field, where there was a rise in elevation of some thirty-two feet between goals. The disadvantages of the new field were felt by all the players, and the game was consequently not as fast a game as is usually played on Maui. Holes and unevenness of the turf have yet to be overcome, and then the field will be an excellent one. No sheds are yet erected for the horses, but there is abundance of room for them. The result was 6 to 2, in favor of Maui.

By the time evening set in it was raining steadily at Puunene, and the big water carnival, which promised to be the largest and most interesting event of the kind ever held on the island, had to be called off. The big out-of-door dancing pavilion was also useless. By dint of the hardest kind of work, caused by change of plans, the spacious Puunene club house was turned into an excellent ball room. The decorations of hunting and electric lights were most pleasing. Seats were arranged on the long lanais. Fully three hundred people came for the evening's pleasure in spite of the downpour, and the ball was pronounced one of the biggest successes of the year.

CLEM K. QUINN SAID AWAITING PLACE ON BENCH

The latest political story to go the rounds is that Clem K. Quinn, attorney and well-known Democrat, has his lightning-rod up for appointment on the circuit bench to succeed Judge W. L. Whitney.

For the benefit of those who don't know the meaning in the political sense, of having up a lightning-rod, it may be stated that when a politician has the aforesaid apparatus up he is, to put it more dignifiedly, a "receptive candidate"—the receptive candidate being one who is after a job but prefers to have people think the job is after him.

Whether genial Clem Quinn is a receptive candidate for the judgeship or not is not generally known, but the story says that he is.

According to this story a lot of voters who thought that Leon M. Straus would make a good city and county attorney took out nomination papers for him, filled out the papers and wanted Straus to run as a Democrat. That part of the story is correct, for Straus himself said so yesterday afternoon, adding, however, that he is not much interested in politics and does not expect to enter the race that will determine John W. Cathcart's successor.

The story goes on that Straus asked a number of his supporters why they did not get Clem Quinn to run for the office and the reply was that the Quinn declined to run as he is rather holding out for appointment by the president to succeed Judge Whitney.

QUICKEST REMEDY EVER SOLD IN HONOLULU

We have never sold anything here in Honolulu with the INSTANT action of the simple mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-ika. This remedy, used successfully for appendicitis, is so quick and powerful that ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE of constipation, sour or gassy stomach. Adler-ika acts on BOTH lower and upper bowel and it is the most THOROUGH bowel cleanser we ever saw. The Hollister Drug Co.—advertisement.

The popularity of the automatic cigar lighter has cut down the national consumption of France by 433,000,000 matches.

FRANCE DECLARES KAISER TO BLAME FOR FORCING WAR

[By Latest Mail]
LONDON, Aug. 2.—The French embassy in London today issued the following statement:

German troops have invaded Luxembourg. Germany has violated the neutrality of Luxembourg. This neutrality was established by a treaty negotiated and signed in London in April of 1867. Ratifications of this treaty were exchanged in London, May 30, 1867. Article II of it reads as follows: "The grand duchy of Luxembourg will be a state perpetually neutral. The powers which sign the present treaty declare themselves as bound to respect this neutrality and to make it respected by others. This neutrality is placed under the guarantee of the powers which have signed the treaty."

The British ambassador at Berlin asked the German secretary of state for foreign affairs whether Germany was prepared to respect the neutrality of Belgium. The German secretary of state for foreign affairs declared that he was not able to answer. The neutrality of Belgium has been established by a treaty signed in London.

The German ambassador at St. Petersburg notified Russia of the declaration of war by his government when negotiations were pending between Austria-Hungary and Russia and at the very moment when Austria-Hungary had declared that she was prepared to consider the matter of the Austro-Serb conflict with Serbia or with a neutral power on behalf of Serbia.

The German ambassador at Paris yesterday morning had an interview with the French prime minister concerning the Austro-Serb conflict, and especially about the decision reached by Austria-Hungary to consider the matter with Serbia or with a neutral power speaking in behalf of Serbia. In spite of this, on the afternoon of the same day war was declared by Germany on Russia.

France was asked to tell what she would do in case of war between Russia and Germany and the German ambassador at Paris began to prepare everything for his departure from the French capital.

July 31, Germany called to the flag the last five classes of her reservists. This she could do by means of the martial law proclaimed by Germany which permitted her to keep the news secret. Consequently, on July 31, mobilization was going on in Germany.

In spite of this France waited until Aug. 1, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, to order a general mobilization. This was done for the purpose of making clear that she was not the aggressive power, and also that she might be able to claim British support.

General mobilization was ordered in France Aug. 1, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The first day of mobilization began Aug. 2 at midnight.

THIS DR. OSLER SAYS WE ALL HAVE CONSUMPTION.

[By Latest Mail]
LEEDS, Eng.—Sir William Osler, professor of medicine at Oxford university, startled the huge audience at the conference for the prevention of consumption by telling them that they were all practically tuberculous. He said:

"If with the aid of radium and a microscope I could look at the chests of the audience I am addressing, in 90 per cent of you I would find traces of tuberculosis."

The mines that have been placed in the various harbors of the countries that are at war are a menace to neutral ships and many ports may be closed.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

A meeting of the Hawaii Promotion Committee will be held at 3:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the rooms of the Committee, Bishop street.

Owing to the lack of a quorum, a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, scheduled for 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, was postponed for one week.

The members of Theodore Roosevelt Camp No. 1, U. S. W. V., will meet in the rooms of the organization, Alakea and Merchant streets, at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

Owing to the lack of a quorum, a meeting of the members of the Hawaii Fair Commission, scheduled for 1 o'clock this afternoon, was postponed until Thursday of next week.

The weekly meeting of the Hawaii Promotion Committee will be held in the rooms of the Committee, Alexander Young Hotel building, Bishop street, tomorrow at 3:30 p. m.

Printed announcement is being sent out that the Guardian Trust Company, Limited, has removed its offices to the ground floor of the Stangenwald building, Merchant street, Honolulu.

A meeting of the members of Honolulu Lodge No. 1, Modern Order of Phoenix, will be held at 7:30 o'clock this evening in the rooms of the lodge, Fort and Beretania streets.

Circuit Judge Robinson today granted a divorce to Kunaloha Spencer from Charles Spencer, whom she alleged had deserted her and her four children ten years ago. The couple were married 24 years ago. The wife is given custody of the children.

On the ground of extreme cruelty Rosario Torres has filed a petition in circuit court asking a divorce from Domingos Torres. She seeks temporary and permanent alimony.

Lewis Smith, who was haled before Circuit Judge Robinson this morning for contempt, in his failure to pay attorney's fees and court costs in the divorce suit brought by his wife, was given until Friday, September 4, to make the requisite payments.

Augustus B. Arleigh yesterday filed in circuit court a petition for divorce from Mabel W. Arleigh, whom he accuses of desertion. The couple, he avers, were married at Elgin, Ill., June 11, 1911. She left him May 3, 1913, and at the present time is residing at South Jacksonville, Fla. There are no children.

A considerable number of local attorneys appear unusually eager to dispose of cases which they have pending before Circuit Judge Robinson. In the last two days applications have been made for early hearing of their trials. Twenty cases are to be set for trial tomorrow and Saturday, a number being jury hearings.

If the necessary arrangements can be made, a meeting of the federal grand jury may be called next Tuesday morning. Assistant District Attorney J. W. Thompson has stated that he would like to have the body meet on this day from the fact that a large number of persons now are being detained in jail on various charges and that in justice to them their fate should be determined as soon as possible.

The final hearing in the case of William Kunipio, charged with a statutory offense, was held before U. S. Commissioner George S. Curry in the federal building this morning. The defendant being committed for trial at the October term of the court. Kunipio recently was arrested by a clerk in the marshal's office and, at the initial hearing, plead not guilty.

As far as the officials in the federal building can learn, no authentic information has been received here regarding the date on which District Attorney Jeff McCann, now in Washington, D. C., will return to Honolulu. It is understood, however, that McCann has cabled a friend in Honolulu saying that he has booked passage on the steamer Manoa, which leaves San Francisco for Honolulu September 8.

At a meeting in Cooke hall, Y. M. C. A. building, last night, the members of the congregation of the Christian church voted to elect the trustees of the church as a building committee to improve the specifications and let the contract for the new Christian church building, to be located on Kewalo between Lanialilo and Wilder streets. The report of the plans committee, consisting of Rev. D. C. Peters, W. G. Hall and W. A. Ramsay, was accepted. The new church is to be modern in every respect and will cost in the neighborhood of \$27,000 for building and furnishing.

POLITICAL NOTES
Joel C. Cohen, Republican candidate for mayor, spoke last night at Kalihi-waena park, his moving-picture show and glee club helping to attract the crowd, estimated at 700. Cohen spoke for a straightforward, businesslike administration of city affairs.

The mass meeting at Punahou Park, Punahou and Wilder avenues, next Monday evening, promises to be one of the most notable Republican gatherings of the primary campaign. It is under the auspices of the third, fourth and fifth precinct clubs of the Fourth district. All candidates for office on the Republican ticket, with the exception of the candidates for delegate, are invited to speak, and a special invitation has been extended to women. The reason candidates for delegate are not invited to speak is because the Republican organizations are trying to keep the delegateship fight out of the local campaign as much as possible. It is a hard job and the Kuhio-Rice rivalry persists in coming to the surface.

POLICE SIFTINGS

Due to the playing with matches by children, a small blaze was started at a frame house near the corner of Richards and Queen street this morning. Save the destruction of a mattress and several small articles of household furnishings, little damage to house or contents are reported. The premises were occupied by Frank Gomez.

The police today are seeking Manuel Souza Moraes, who is alleged by his ten-year-old son to have beaten and abused the boy to an extent that treatment at the hospital was necessary. The story told the officers is that Moraes sent the youngster under the house where he was bound hand and foot, then flogged. When a woman relative entered a protest she was thrown to the floor and then kicked, so stated the boy.

Death due to fire the cause of which is yet unknown was the gist of the verdict brought in by a jury summoned yesterday by Sheriff Charles Rose to inquire into the death of George Kanoa and Eddie K. Holt, man and boy who were victims of a fire that destroyed a building in Iwilei district Saturday evening. Captain of Detectives McDuffie is today interviewing several Filipinos and Porto Ricans who are alleged to have been hovering about the building before the flames were discovered.

Morning on 'CHANGE

Sugar having declined the fifth of a cent, stocks manifested a drooping tendency on today's sheet. Oahu alone of four sugars held its own in a recess sale of five shares at 19, but its asking price is now 1/4 point less. Oiaa, from a decline of 1/4 to 1/2 for a total of 220 shares, went an eighth lower for one block of 500, then sold at 4 1/4 for 200 in five lots, all between boards, and closed on the board at 4 for 70 shares in small lots, the total decline from yesterday being 1/2 point. Oiaa 6s were steady at 70 for \$5000, and Gas 5s at 99 for \$2000. Waiata dropped 10 points in a sale of 10 shares at 100 reported. Brewery was unchanged at 18 1/2 for 20 shares. McBryde was the only stock besides Oiaa sold on the board, 25 shares going at 5, or a decline of 1/4 point.

WOMEN CALL OFF HOSTILITIES.

[By Latest Mail]
LONDON.—The headquarters of the Women's Social and Political union, the militant suffragette organization, sent a proclamation to all its branches in the United Kingdom, ordering the cessation of all acts of militancy during the international crisis.

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Sachs for Dry Goods

Mary Downey, one year old, of Jersey City, died from poisoning due to chewing a toy green paper snake.

? Chickens Bothered With Gapes ?

A few drops of International Gape Remedy in their drinking water for a period will be both a preventative and a remedy. In acute cases this Remedy never has failed. The California Feed Company sells it at 50 cents the bottle.
Cor. Alakea & Queen